

OXLUBE L7-NPG

11990A

Version / Revision Revision Date 06-Apr-2023 **Supersedes Version** Issuing date 06-Apr-2023

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Identification of the substance/preparation

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Chemical Name

Heptanoic acid, ester with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol

CAS-No EC No.

68855-18-5 272-469-1

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance /

Preparation

lubricant.

Uses advised against None

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company/Undertaking

Identification

OQ Chemicals GmbH Rheinpromenade 4A

D-40789 Monheim Germany

Product Information

Product Stewardship FAX: +49 (0)208 693 2053 email: sc.psq@oq.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number +44 (0) 1235 239 670 (UK) available 24/7

NCEC +1 202 464 2554

Local emergency telephone

number

+61 2 8014 4558 (Australia)

18000 74234 (Australia toll-free number)

+64 9 929 1483 (New Zealand)

0800 446 881 (New Zealand toll-free number)

+65 3158 1195 (Sri Lanka)

007 803 011 0293 (Indonesia toll-free number)

+60 3 6207 4347 (Malaysia)

001 800 120 666 751 (Thailand toll-free number)

+65 3158 1200 (Bangladesh) +63 2 8231 2149 (Philippines) +84 28 4458 2388 (Vietnam) +65 3165 2217 (Singapore)

available 24/7

SECTION 2: Hazards identification



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on

Europe

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Based on present data no classification and labelling is required according to Directive 1272/2008/EC and its amendments (CLP Regulation)

2.2. Label elements

Not required.

2.3. Other hazards

If the material is misted or if vapours are generated from heating, exposure may cause irritation of mucous membranes and the upper respiratory tract

PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT), nor very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB)

USA

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

This substance is not hazardous in accordance with paragraph (d) of §1910.1200 (GHS-US classification).

OSHA Specified Hazards

Not applicable.

2.2. Label elements

Not required according to §1910.1200 (GHS-US labeling).

2.3. Other hazards

If the material is misted or if vapours are generated from heating, exposure may cause irritation of mucous membranes and the upper respiratory tract

SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	REACh-No	1272/2008/EC	Concentration (%)
Heptanoic acid, ester with	68855-18-5	01-2119969496-18	-	> 98
2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanedi				
ol				

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures



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Inhalation

Keep at rest. Aerate with fresh air. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Eves

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Ingestion

Call a physician immediately. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Main symptoms

None known.

Special hazard

Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General advice

Remove contaminated, soaked clothing immediately and dispose of safely. First aider needs to protect himself.

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide (CO2), water spray

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Under conditions giving incomplete combustion, hazardous gases produced may consist of: carbon monoxide (CO)

carbon dioxide (CO2)

Combustion gases of organic materials must in principle be graded as inhalation poisons Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Fire fighter protection should include a self-contained breathing apparatus (NIOSH-approved or EN 133) and full fire-fighting turn out gear.

Precautions for firefighting

Cool containers / tanks with water spray. Dike and collect water used to fight fire. Keep people away from and



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upwind of fire.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: For personal protective equipment see section 8. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. For emergency responders: Personal protection see section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage. Do not discharge product into the aquatic environment without pretreatment (biological treatment plant).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment

Stop the flow of material, if possible without risk. Dike spilled material, where this is possible.

Methods for cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. If liquid has been spilt in large quantities clean up promptly by scoop or vacuum. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours).

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.

Hygiene measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Advice on the protection of the environment

See Section 8: Environmental exposure controls.

Incompatible products

strong acids strong bases oxidizing agents

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge



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(which might cause ignition of organic vapours). In case of fire, emergency cooling with water spray should be available. Ground and bond containers when transferring material.

Technical measures/Storage conditions

Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Handle and open container with care.

Temperature class

T2

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Lubricant

SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits European Union

No exposure limits established

Exposure limits Germany

Under conditions which may generate mists, observe a suggested PEL of 5 mg/m³ and STEL of 10 mg/m³.

Exposure limits United States of America

No exposure limits established.

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate Engineering controls

General or dilution ventilation is frequently insufficient as the sole means of controlling employee exposure. Local ventilation is usually preferred. Explosion-proof equipment (for example fans, switches, and grounded ducts) should be used in mechanical ventilation systems.

Personal protective equipment

General industrial hygiene practice

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Hygiene measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Eye protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. In addition to goggles, wear a face shield if there is a reasonable chance for splash to the face.

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves. Recommendations are listed below. Other protective material may be used, depending on the situation, if adequate degradation and permeation data is available. If other chemicals are used in conjunction with this chemical, material selection should be based on protection for all chemicals present.



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Suitable material Neoprene

Suitable material nitrile rubber

Skin and body protection

Impervious clothing. Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Respiratory protection

Respirator with filter for organic vapour. Use the indicated respiratory protection if the occupational exposure limit is exceeded and/or in case of product release (dust). Equipment should conform to NIOSH, EN or other applicable national standards.

Environmental exposure controls

If possible use in closed systems. If leakage can not be prevented, the substance needs to be suck off at the emersion point, if possible without danger. Observe the exposure limits, clean exhaust air if needed. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations. Inform the responsible authorities in case of leakage into the atmosphere, or of entry into waterways, soil or drains.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance liquid colourless

Odour No data available
-87 °C (Pour point)
No data available

point and boiling range

Flash point 191 °C

Methodclosed cup, ISO 2719Evaporation rateNo data available

Flammability (solid, gas) Does not apply, the substance is a liquid

Lower explosion limitNo data availableUpper explosion limitNo data available

Vapour pressure

 Values [hPa]
 Values [kPa]
 Values [atm]
 @ °C
 @ °F
 Method

 <0,01</td>
 <0,001</td>
 <0,0001</td>
 20
 68
 QSAR

Relative vapour density No data available

Density and/or relative density

Values @ °C @ °F Method 0,92 20 68 EU A.3 **Solubility** < 0,05 mg/l @ 20 °C, in water, EU A.6

Partition coefficient 6,68 (calculated) KOW WIN

n-octanol/water (log value)

Autoignition temperature 355 °C DIN 51794 Decomposition temperature No data available

Viscosity 10 mm²/s @ 20°C

Oxidizing properties Does not apply, substance is not oxidising. There are no chemical groups

associated with oxidizing properties

Explosive propertiesDoes not apply, substance is not explosive. There are no chemical groups



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associated with explosive properties

9.2. Other information

Molecular weight328,4924Molecular formulaC19 H36 O4

log Koc 3,69 - 4,49 @ 25°C (77 °F) calculated

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The reactivity of the product corresponds to the typical reactivity shown by the substance group as described in any text book on organic chemistry.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with heat, sparks, open flame and static discharge. Avoid any source of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

strong acids, strong bases, oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure Ingestion, Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact

Acute toxicity				
Heptanoic acid, ester with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol (68855-18-5)				
Routes of Exposure	Endpoint	Values	Species	Method
Oral	LD50	>2000 mg/kg	rat, male/female	OECD 401
Inhalative	LC50	>5,22 mg/l (4h)	rat, male/female	OECD 436

Heptanoic acid, ester with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol, CAS: 68855-18-5

Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

Acute oral toxicity

Acute inhalation toxicity

For acute dermal toxicity, no data are available



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Irritation and corrosion				
Heptanoic acid, ester w	ith 2,2-dimethyl-	1,3-propanediol (68855-	18-5)	
Target Organ Effects	Species	Result	Method	
Skin	rabbit	not irritating	OECD 404	4h
Eyes	rabbit	Mild eye irritation	OECD 405	

Heptanoic acid, ester with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol, CAS: 68855-18-5

Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

skin irritation/corrosion

eye irritation/corrosion

If the material is misted or if vapours are generated from heating, exposure may cause irritation of mucous membranes and the upper respiratory tract

Sensitization				
Heptanoic acid, ester v	with 2,2-dimethyl-	1,3-propanediol (68855	-18-5)	
Target Organ Effects	Species	Evaluation	Method	
Skin	guinea pig	not sensitizing	OECD 406	

Heptanoic acid, ester with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol, CAS: 68855-18-5

Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

Skin sensitization

For respiratory sensitization, no data are available

Subacute, subchronic	Subacute, subchronic and prolonged toxicity			
Heptanoic acid, ester	with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-p	ropanediol (68855-	18-5)	
Туре	Dose	Species	Method	
Subacute toxicity	NOAEL: >=1450 mg/kg/d (28d)	rat, male	OECD 407 Oral	read across
Subchronic toxicity	NOAEL: >=1000 mg/kg/d (90d)	rat, male/female	OECD 408 Oral	read across
Subchronic toxicity	NOAEC: 0,5 mg/l/d (13 weeks)	rat, male/female	OECD 413 Inhalation	read across
Subchronic toxicity	NOAEL: >=2000 mg/kg/d (13 weeks)	rat, male/female	OECD 411 Dermal	read across

Heptanoic acid, ester with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol, CAS: 68855-18-5

Assessment

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

STOT RE

Carcinogenicity,	Mutagenicity, Re	productive toxicity			
Heptanoic acid, e	ester with 2,2-din	nethyl-1,3-propanedio	I (68855-18-5)		
Туре	Dose	Species	Evaluation	Method	
Mutagenicity		Salmonella	negative	OECD 471	read across
		typhimurium		(Ames)	
Mutagenicity		human	negative	OECD 473	
		lymphocytes		(Chromosomal	
				Aberration)	
Mutagenicity		mouse	negative	OECD 476	
		lymphoma cells		(Mammalian	
				Gene Mutation)	



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Developmental Toxicity	NOAEL 2000		OECD 414,	read across
	mg/kg/d		Dermal	systemic effects
				Maternal toxicity
Developmental Toxicity	NOAEL 200		OECD 414,	read across
	mg/kg/d		Dermal	Local effects
				Maternal toxicity

Heptanoic acid, ester with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol, CAS: 68855-18-5

CMR Classification

The available data on CMR properties are summarized in the table above. They do not indicate a classification into categories 1A or 1B

Evaluation

In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

Heptanoic acid, ester with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol, CAS: 68855-18-5

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for:

STOT RE

Aspiration toxicity

no data available

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic toxicity				
Heptanoic acid, ester with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol (68855-18-5)				
Species	Exposure time	Dose	Method	
Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	96h	LC50: >0,086 mg/l	OECD 203	
Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72h	EC50: >0,0065 mg/l (Growth rate)	OECD 201	
Activated sludge (domestic)	3 h	NOEC: >=1000 mg/l	OECD 209	

Long term toxicity				
Heptanoic acid, ester w	rith 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-p	ropanediol (68855-1	3-5)	
Type	Species	Dose	Method	
Reproductive toxicity	Daphnia magna (Water flea)	NOEC: ≥ 0,0019 mg/l	OECD 211	
Aquatic toxicity	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	NOEC: ≥ 0,0065 mg/I Growth rate	OECD 201	

Terrestrial toxicity				
Heptanoic acid, ester with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol (68855-18-5)				
Species	Exposure time	Dose	Туре	Method
Eisenia fetida	14 d	NOEC: ≥ 1000 mg/kg soil dw	Reproduction	OECD 207
Eisenia fetida	56 d	NOEC: ≥ 1000	Reproduction	read across OECD



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mg/kg soil dw	22	22

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Heptanoic acid, ester with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol, CAS: 68855-18-5 Biodegradation

89.3% (28 d), activated sludge (domestic), aerobic, OECD 301 B.

Abiotic Degradation		
Heptanoic acid, ester wit	h 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol (68855-18-5)	
Type	Result	Method
Hydrolysis	5,3 yr@25 °C, pH 7	calculated
Photolysis	Half-life (DT50): 24,32 h	calculated

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Heptanoic acid, ester with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol (68855-18-5)			
Туре	Result	Method	
	33,76 - 500	QSAR	
log Pow	6,68	calculated	

12.4. Mobility in soil

Heptanoic acid, ester with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol (68855-18-5)			
Туре	Result	Method	
Adsorption/Desorption	Koc: 4929 - 30820	calculated	
Surface tension	not applicable		
Distribution to environmental	no data available		
compartments			

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Heptanoic acid, ester with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol, CAS: 68855-18-5

PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT), nor very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB)

12.6. Other adverse effects

Heptanoic acid, ester with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol, CAS: 68855-18-5

No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product Information

Disposal required in compliance with all waste management related state and local regulations. The choice of the appropriate method of disposal depends on the product composition by the time of disposal as well as the local



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statutes and possibilities for disposal.

Uncleaned empty packaging

Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible and after appropriate cleansing may be taken for reuse.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Section 14.1 - 14.6

ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR Not restricted

IMDG Not restricted

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex not applicable

II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Not restricted ADR/RID

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulation 1272/2008, Annex VI not listed

DI 2012/18/EU (Seveso III)

not subject Category

DI 1999/13/EC (VOC Guideline)

Component	Status
Heptanoic acid, ester with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol	not subject
CAS: 68855-18-5	

International Inventories

Heptanoic acid, ester with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol, CAS: 68855-18-5

AICS (AU) NDSL (CA) IECSC (CN) EC-No. 272-469-1 (EU) KECI 2001-3-1721 (KR) PICCS (PH) TSCA (US) TCSI (TW)



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SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations

A table of terms and abbreviations can be found under the following link: http://echa.europa.eu/documents/10162/13632/information_requirements_r20_en.pdf

Training advice

For effective first-aid, special training / education is needed.

Sources of key data used to compile the datasheet

Information contained in this safety data sheet is based on OQ owned data and public sources deemed valid or acceptable. The absence of data elements required by OSHA, ANSI or Annex II, Regulation 1907/2006/EC indicates, that no data meeting these requirements is available.

Further information for the safety data sheet

Changes against the previous version are marked by ***. Observe national and local legal requirements. For more information, other material safety data sheets or technical data sheets please consult the OQ homepage (www.chemicals.oq.com).

The annex is not required because the substance is not classified for human health or the environment, is not a CMR and is not PBT or vPvB

Disclaimer

For industrial use only. The information contained herein is accurate to the best of our knowledge. We do not suggest or guarantee that any hazards listed herein are the only ones which exist. OQ Chemicals makes no warranty of any kind, express or implied, concerning the safe use of this material in your process or in combination with other substances. User has the sole responsibility to determine the suitability of the materials for any use and the manner of use contemplated. User must meet all applicable safety and health standards.

End of Safety Data Sheet